

ROMANIAN MATHEMATICAL MAGAZINE

In any non – obtuse ΔABC , the following relationship holds :

$$\frac{2c}{w_b^2} \geq \frac{1}{2m_a} + \frac{1}{c}$$

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$$\begin{aligned} \frac{2c}{w_b^2} - \left(\frac{1}{2m_a} + \frac{1}{c} \right) &\geq \frac{2c(c+a)^2}{4ca \cdot s(s-b)} - \left(\frac{1}{a} + \frac{1}{c} \right) \\ (\because \text{in non - obtuse } \Delta ABC, 4m_a^2 - a^2 = 2(b^2 + c^2 - a^2) \geq 0 \Rightarrow 2m_a \geq a) \\ &= \frac{2(c+a)^2}{a((c+a)^2 - b^2)} - \frac{c+a}{ca} \stackrel{?}{\geq} 0 \Leftrightarrow 2c(c+a) \stackrel{?}{\geq} (c+a)^2 - b^2 \\ &\Leftrightarrow 2c^2 + 2ca \stackrel{?}{\geq} c^2 + a^2 + 2ca - b^2 \Leftrightarrow b^2 + c^2 \stackrel{?}{\geq} a^2 \rightarrow \text{true} \because \\ \Delta ABC \text{ is non - obtuse} \therefore \frac{2c}{w_b^2} &\geq \frac{1}{2m_a} + \frac{1}{c} \quad \forall \text{ non - obtuse } \Delta ABC, \\ " = " \text{ iff } \hat{A} &= 90^\circ \text{ (QED)} \end{aligned}$$