

ROMANIAN MATHEMATICAL MAGAZINE

In any ΔABC the following relationship holds :

$$2 \sum_{\text{cyc}} \frac{m_a}{(m_b + m_c)^2} \geq \frac{\sum_{\text{cyc}} ((b^2 + c^2) \sin 2A)}{\sum_{\text{cyc}} (a^3 \cos(B - C))}$$

Proposed by Tapas Das-India

Solution by Soumava Chakraborty-Kolkata-India

$$\begin{aligned} \sum_{\text{cyc}} (a^3 \cos(B - C)) &= R \sum_{\text{cyc}} (a^2 \cdot 2 \sin(B + C) \cos(B - C)) \\ &= R \sum_{\text{cyc}} \left(a^2 \left(\sum_{\text{cyc}} \sin 2A - \sin 2A \right) \right) \\ \Rightarrow \sum_{\text{cyc}} (a^3 \cos(B - C)) &= R \left(\sum_{\text{cyc}} \sin 2A \right) \left(\sum_{\text{cyc}} a^2 \right) - R \sum_{\text{cyc}} (a^2 \cdot \sin 2A) \rightarrow (1) \text{ and} \\ \sum_{\text{cyc}} ((b^2 + c^2) \sin 2A) &= \left(\sum_{\text{cyc}} \sin 2A \right) \left(\sum_{\text{cyc}} a^2 \right) - \sum_{\text{cyc}} (a^2 \cdot \sin 2A) \rightarrow (2) \\ \text{and } 2 \sum_{\text{cyc}} \frac{m_a}{(m_b + m_c)^2} &= 2 \sum_{\text{cyc}} \frac{m_a^3}{(m_a m_b + m_a m_c)^2} \stackrel{\text{Radon}}{\geq} \frac{2(\sum_{\text{cyc}} m_a)^3}{\frac{4}{9}(3 \sum_{\text{cyc}} m_a m_b)^2} \\ &\stackrel{\text{Leuenberger}}{\geq} \frac{(\sum_{\text{cyc}} m_a)^3}{\frac{2}{9}(\sum_{\text{cyc}} m_a)^4} \stackrel{\text{and Euler}}{\geq} \frac{1}{\frac{2}{9} \cdot \frac{9R}{2}} = \frac{1}{R} \stackrel{\text{via (1),(2)}}{=} \frac{\sum_{\text{cyc}} ((b^2 + c^2) \sin 2A)}{\sum_{\text{cyc}} (a^3 \cos(B - C))} \forall \Delta ABC, \\ &'' = '' \text{ iff } \Delta ABC \text{ is equilateral (QED)} \end{aligned}$$