

ROMANIAN MATHEMATICAL MAGAZINE

Find:

$$\int_0^1 \ln(1 + \tanh(x) + \coth(x)) dx$$

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Solution by Pratham Prasad-India

$$\begin{aligned} & \int_0^1 \ln(1 + \tanh(x) + \coth(x)) dx = \\ &= \int_0^1 \ln\left(1 + \frac{e^{2x} - 1}{e^{2x} + 1} + \frac{e^{2x} + 1}{e^{2x} - 1}\right) dx = \int_0^1 \ln\left(\frac{3e^{4x} + 1}{e^{4x} - 1}\right) dx = \\ &= \ln(3) + \int_0^1 \ln(e^{4x} + 1/3) - \ln(e^{4x} - 1) dx = \ln(3) + \int_0^1 \int_{-1}^{1/3} \frac{1}{e^{4x} + a} da dx = \\ &= \ln(3) + \int_{-1}^{1/3} \int_0^1 \frac{1}{e^{4x} + a} dx da = \ln(3) - \int_{-1}^{1/3} \frac{1}{4a} \int_0^1 \frac{-4ae^{-4x}}{1 + ae^{-4x}} dx da = \\ &= \ln(3) - \frac{1}{4} \int_{-1}^{1/3} \frac{1}{a} (\ln(1 + ae^{-4}) - \ln(1 + a)) da = \ln(3) + \frac{1}{4} \left(Li_2\left(-\frac{a}{e^4}\right) - Li_2(-a) \right)_{-1}^{1/3} = \\ &= \ln(3) + \frac{1}{4} Li_2\left(-\frac{1}{3e^4}\right) - \frac{1}{4} Li_2\left(\frac{1}{e^4}\right) - \frac{1}{4} Li_2\left(-\frac{1}{3}\right) + \frac{1}{4} Li_2(1) = \\ &= \ln(3) + \frac{1}{4} Li_2\left(-\frac{1}{3e^4}\right) - \frac{1}{4} Li_2\left(\frac{1}{e^4}\right) - \frac{1}{4} Li_2\left(-\frac{1}{3}\right) + \frac{1}{4} \zeta(2) \end{aligned}$$