

Find a closed form:

$$J = \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{4}} x \tan x \ln(\cos x) dx$$

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$$J = \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{4}} x \tan x \ln(\cos x) dx = -\frac{1}{2} \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{4}} x d(\ln^2(\cos x)) = -\frac{\pi}{32} \ln^2(2) + \frac{1}{2} \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{4}} \ln^2(\cos x) dx$$

$$I = \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{4}} \ln^2(\cos x) dx$$

$$I = \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{4}} \ln^2(2 \cos x) dx - 2 \ln(2) \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{4}} \ln(\cos x) dx - \frac{\pi}{4} \ln^2(2)$$

$$I = \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{4}} x^2 dx + 2 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n H_{n-1}}{n} \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{4}} \cos(2nx) dx - 2 \ln(2) \left( \frac{G}{2} - \frac{\pi}{4} \ln(2) \right) - \frac{\pi}{4} \ln^2(2)$$

$$I = \frac{\pi^3}{192} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n H_{n-1}}{n^2} \sin\left(\frac{n\pi}{2}\right) - 2 \ln(2) \left( \frac{G}{2} - \frac{\pi}{4} \ln(2) \right) - \frac{\pi}{4} \ln^2(2)$$

$$= \frac{\pi^3}{192} + \operatorname{Im} \left( \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n H_{n-1}}{n^2} i^n \right) - 2 \ln(2) \left( \frac{G}{2} - \frac{\pi}{4} \ln(2) \right) - \frac{\pi}{4} \ln^2(2)$$

$$= \frac{\pi^3}{192} + \operatorname{Im} \left( \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-i)^n H_{n-1}}{n^2} \right) - 2 \ln(2) \left( \frac{G}{2} - \frac{\pi}{4} \ln(2) \right) - \frac{\pi}{4} \ln^2(2)$$

$$= \frac{\pi^3}{192} + \operatorname{Im} \left( \zeta(3) - \operatorname{Li}_3(1+i) + \ln(1+i) \operatorname{Li}_2(1+i) + \frac{1}{2} \ln(-i) \ln^2(1+i) \right)$$

$$- 2 \ln(2) \left( \frac{G}{2} - \frac{\pi}{4} \ln(2) \right) - \frac{\pi}{4} \ln^2(2)$$

$$= \frac{7\pi^3}{192} + \frac{5\pi}{16} \ln^2(2) - \frac{1}{2} G \ln(2) + \operatorname{Im}(\operatorname{Li}_3(1-i))$$

$$J = -\frac{\pi}{32} \ln^2(2) + \frac{7\pi^3}{384} + \frac{5\pi}{32} \ln^2(2) - \frac{1}{4} G \ln(2) + \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{Im}(\operatorname{Li}_3(1-i))$$

$$J = \frac{7\pi^3}{384} + \frac{\pi}{8} \ln^2(2) - \frac{1}{4} G \ln(2) + \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{Im}(\operatorname{Li}_3(1-i))$$